

RHIC Spin Program

Recent results

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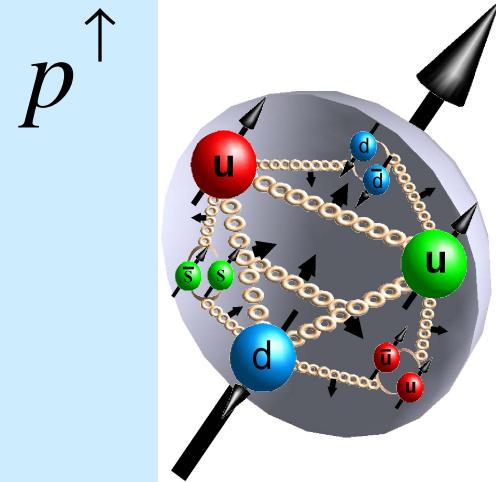
for
“Hadron Structure and Nonperturbative QCD”
Schladming, Styria, Austria, March 11 - March 18, 2006

Proton Spin Structure

Spin $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + L_z$

Quark Spin Gluon Spin
Orbital Angular Momentum

$$\Delta\Sigma = \Delta u + \Delta d + \Delta s + \Delta \bar{u} + \Delta \bar{d} + \Delta \bar{s}$$



- Polarized DIS: contribution of quarks to proton spin is amazingly small $\Delta\Sigma \approx 0.25$
- Main candidate to carry proton spin - Gluons

Gluon polarization (ΔG) remains poorly constrained \rightarrow
 ΔG measurements – main RHIC-Spin goal

Parton Distribution Functions

- Quark Distribution

$$q(x, Q^2) = \frac{\text{unpolarised distribution}}{\text{helicity distribution}} = \frac{\text{transversity distribution}}{\Delta q(x, Q^2)}$$
$$\Delta q(x, Q^2) = \frac{\text{helicity distribution}}{\text{transversity distribution}}$$
$$\delta q(x, Q^2) = \frac{\text{transversity distribution}}{\Delta g(x, Q^2)}$$

- Gluon Distributions

$$g(x, Q^2) = \frac{\text{transversity distribution}}{\Delta g(x, Q^2)}$$
$$\Delta g(x, Q^2) = \frac{\text{transversity distribution}}$$

No Transverse Gluon Distribution in 1/2

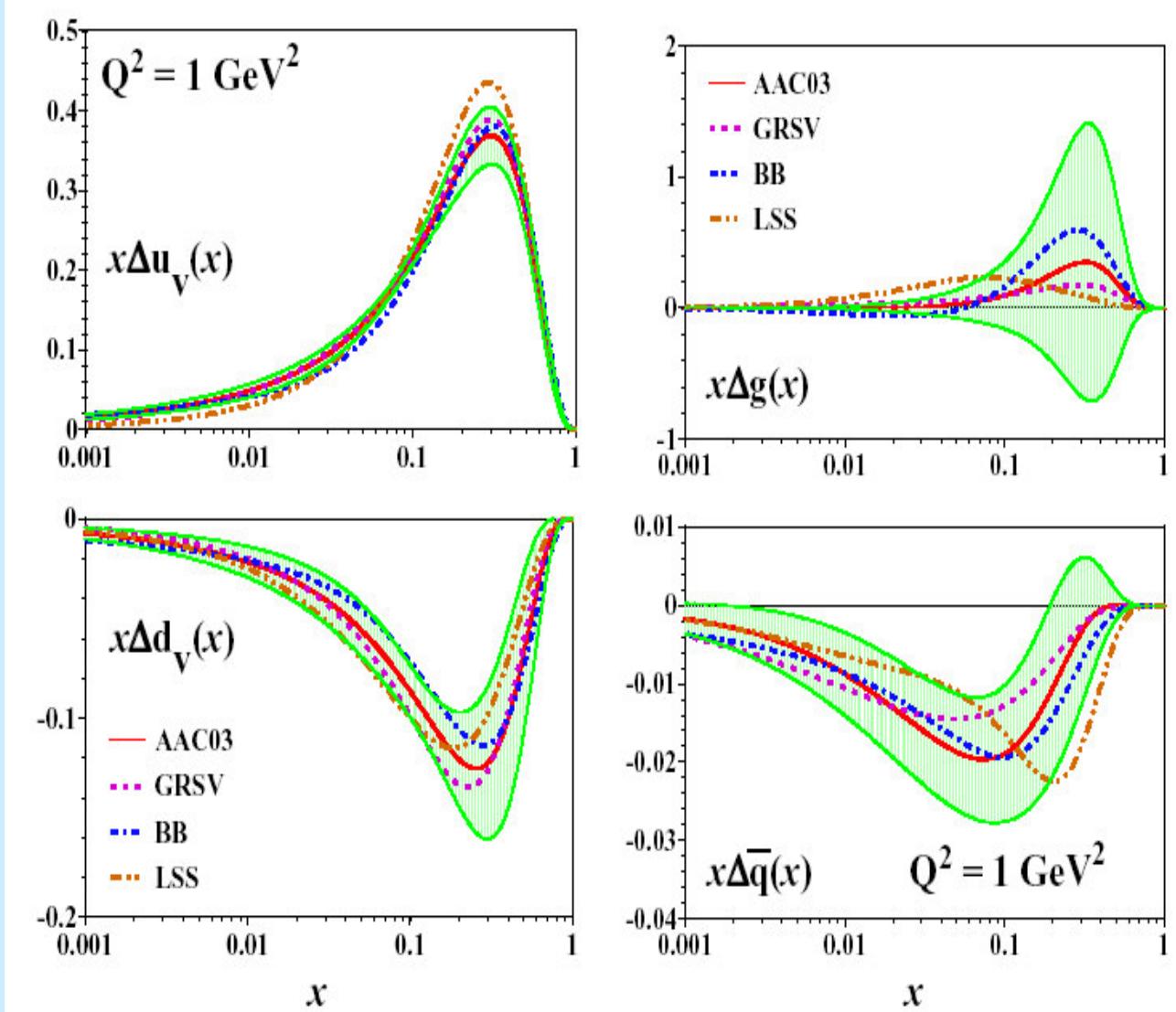
Polarised PDF

Asymmetry Analysis Collaboration

M. Hirai, S. Kumano and N. Saito, PRD (2004)

From polarized DIS:

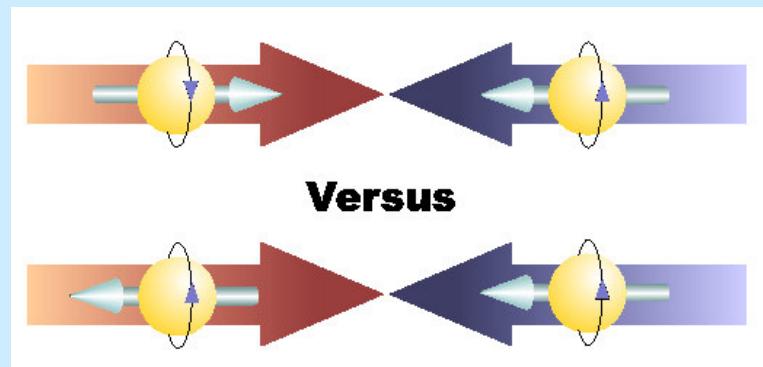
- Valence Dist's are determined well
- Sea Dist' is poorly constrained
- Gluon can be either >0 , $=0$, <0



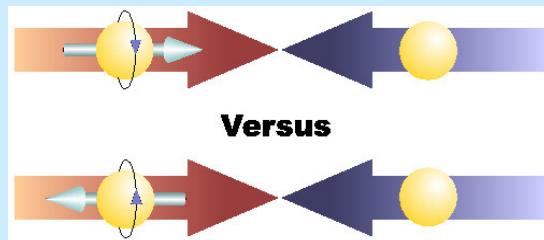
What Do We Measure at RHIC?

- We measure spin asymmetries for cross sections
- A_{LL} : double helicity asymmetry
 - Useful in extracting $\Delta g(x)$

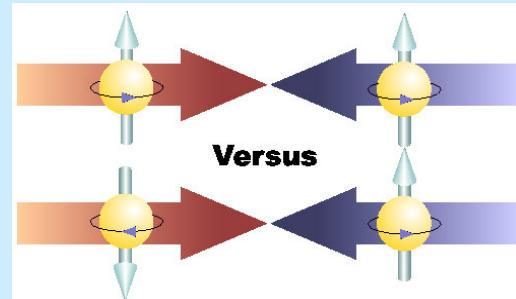
$$A_{LL} = \frac{\sigma(++) - \sigma(+-)}{\sigma(++) + \sigma(+-)}$$



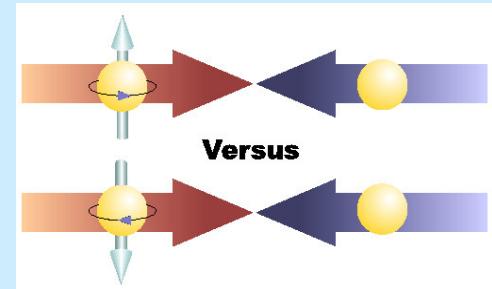
A_L : Parity Violation



A_{TT} : Transversity

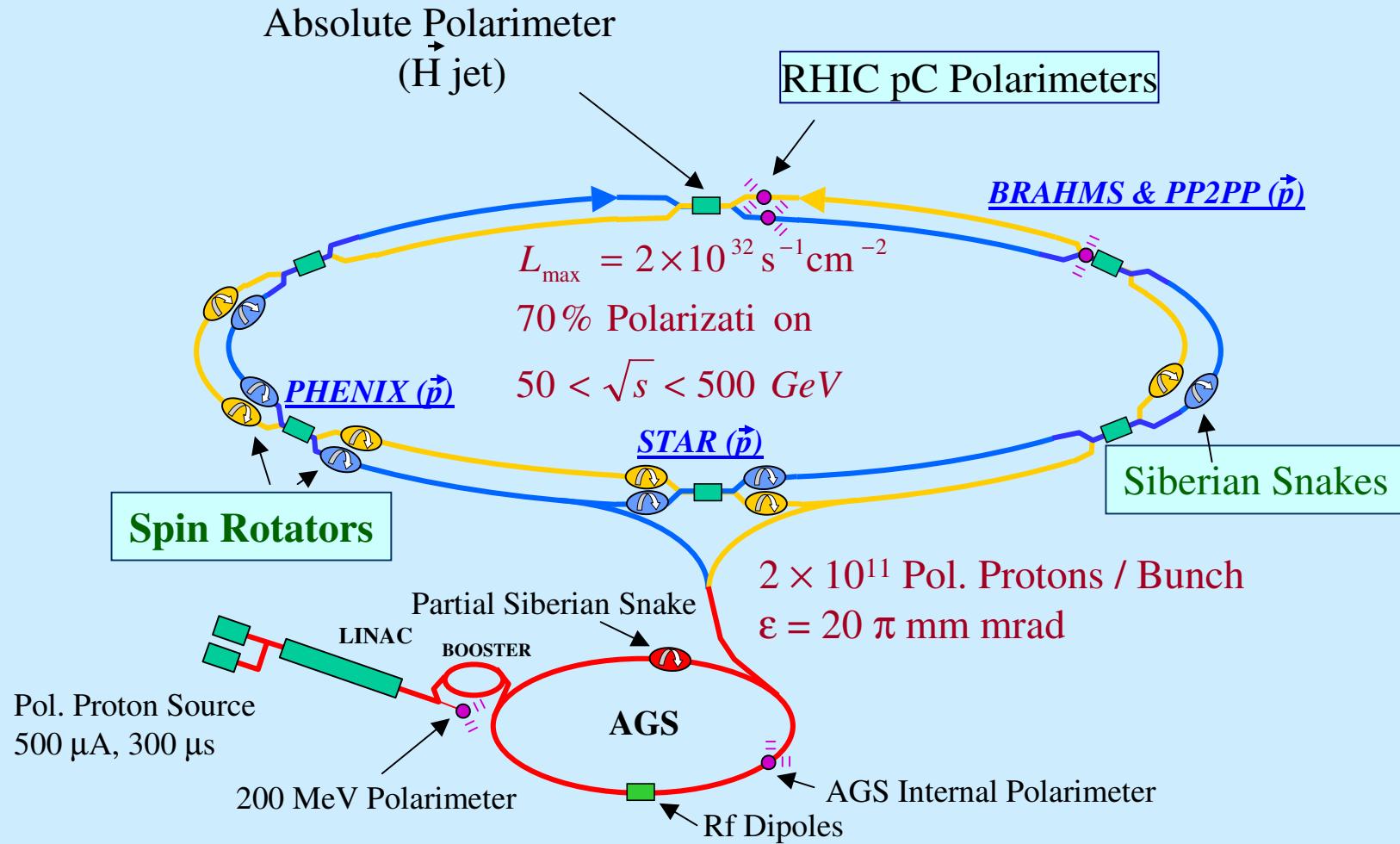


A_N : Twist-3 etc



And various Spin Transfer Asymmetries: D_{NN} , D_{LL} , etc

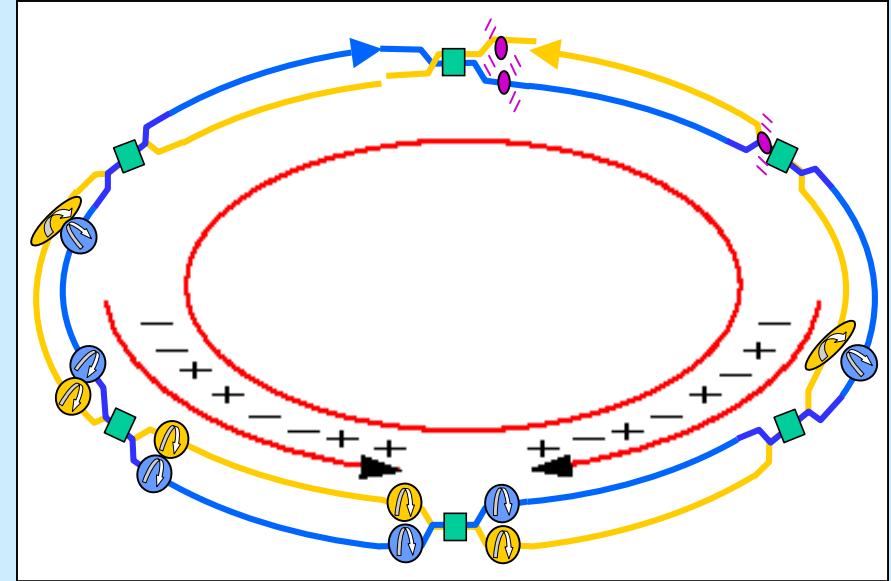
RHIC: the first polarized pp collider



Spin Running at RHIC

Data is collected simultaneously for all spin configurations (alternating every ~ 100 ns) \Rightarrow
Many systematical uncertainties in spin asymmetry measurements are eliminated

PHENIX Spin Data

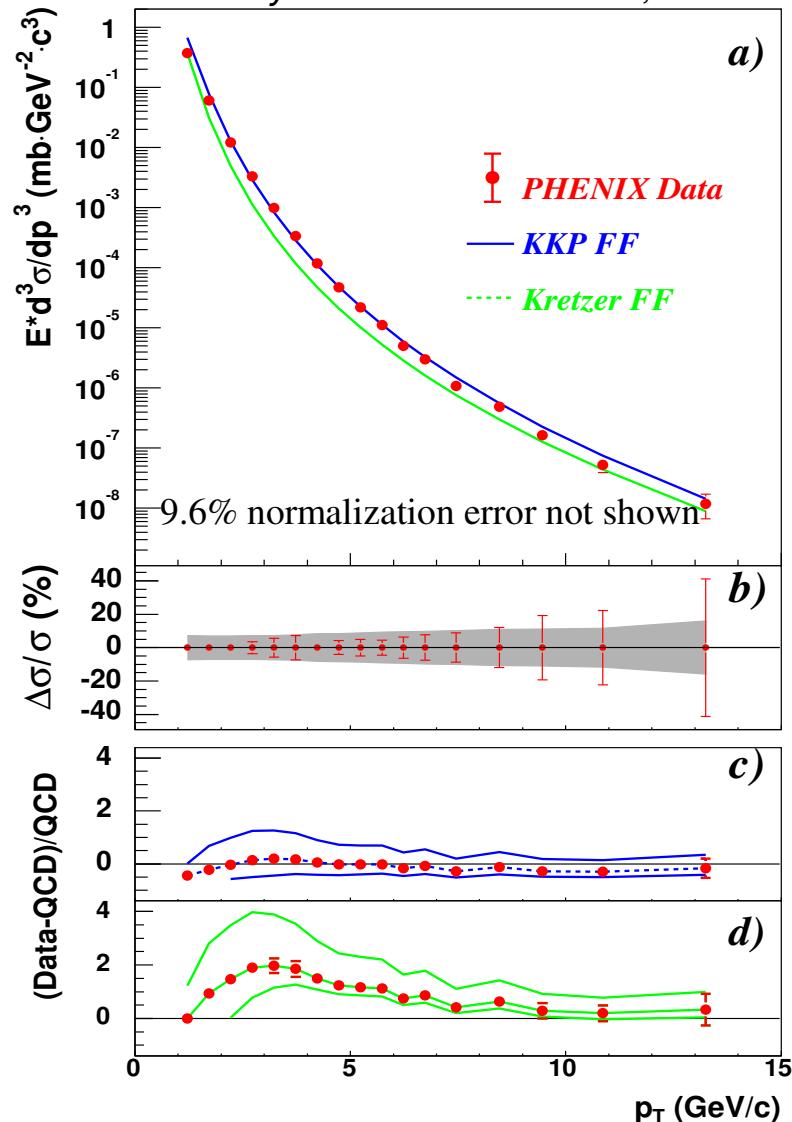


	Run2 (2002)	Run3 (2003)	Run4 (2004)	Run5 (2005)
Spin orient.	Trans.	Long.	Long.	Long.
$\langle \text{Pol.} \rangle$	15%	30-35%	40-45%	45-50%
Lum.	0.15 pb^{-1}	0.35 pb^{-1}	0.15 pb^{-1}	3.8 pb^{-1}

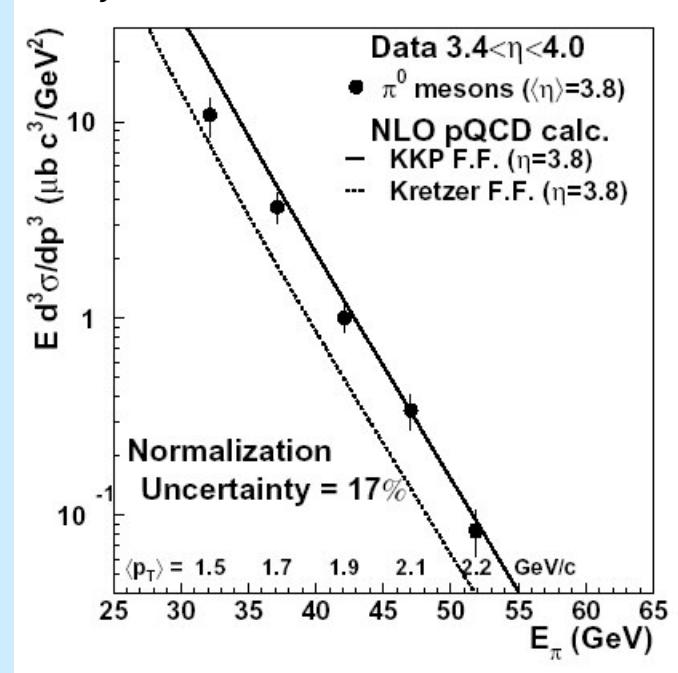
PHENIX and STAR collected both transverse and longitudinal data
BRAHMS collected only transverse data

π^0 Unpol. Cross Section in pp

PHENIX π^0 cross section a $|\eta|<0.35$
Phys.Rev.Lett.91:241803,2003



STAR π^0 cross section a $3.4<\eta<4.0$
Phys.Rev.Lett.92:171801,2004

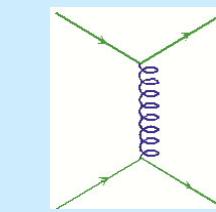
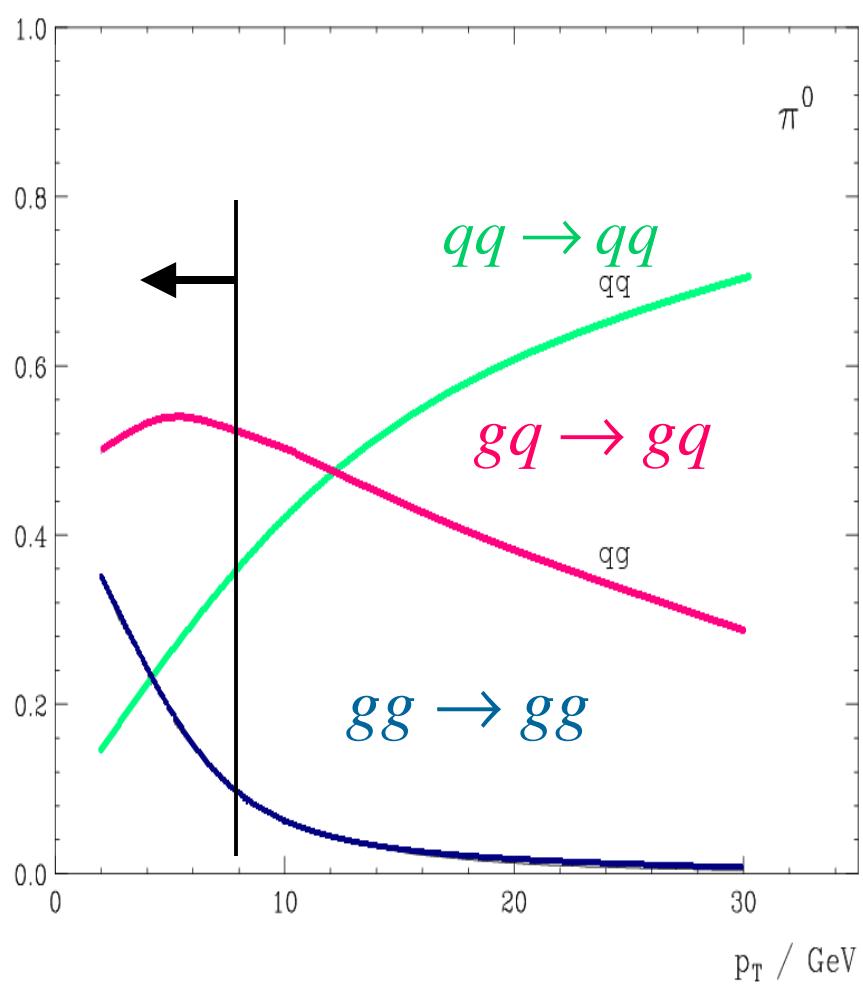


Good agreement between NLO pQCD calculations and data \Rightarrow confirmation that pQCD can be used to extract spin dependent pdf's from RHIC data.

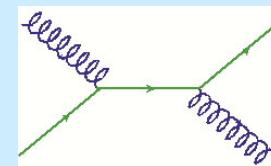
- Same comparison fails at lower energies

π^0 A_{LL}: ΔG constrain

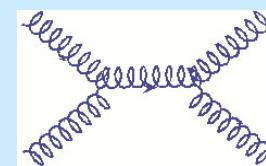
Fractional contribution to $p p \rightarrow \pi^0 X$ at $\sqrt{s}=200$ GeV at $\eta \sim 0$



$$\propto \frac{\Delta q}{q} \frac{\Delta q}{q}$$



$$\propto \frac{\Delta q}{q} \frac{\Delta G}{G}$$

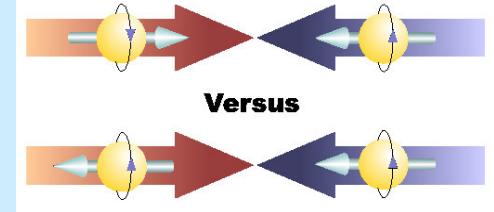


$$\propto \frac{\Delta G}{G} \frac{\Delta G}{G}$$

π^0 production is sensitive to gluon distribution

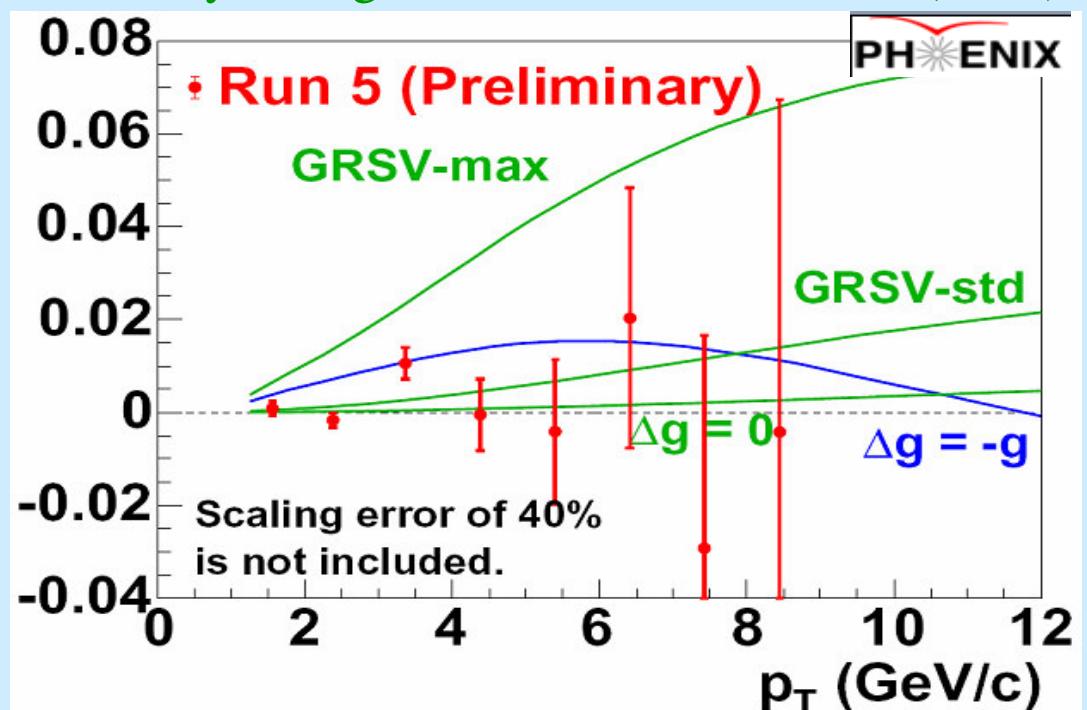
$\pi^0 A_{LL}$

$$A_{LL} = \frac{\sigma_{++} - \sigma_{+-}}{\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-}}$$



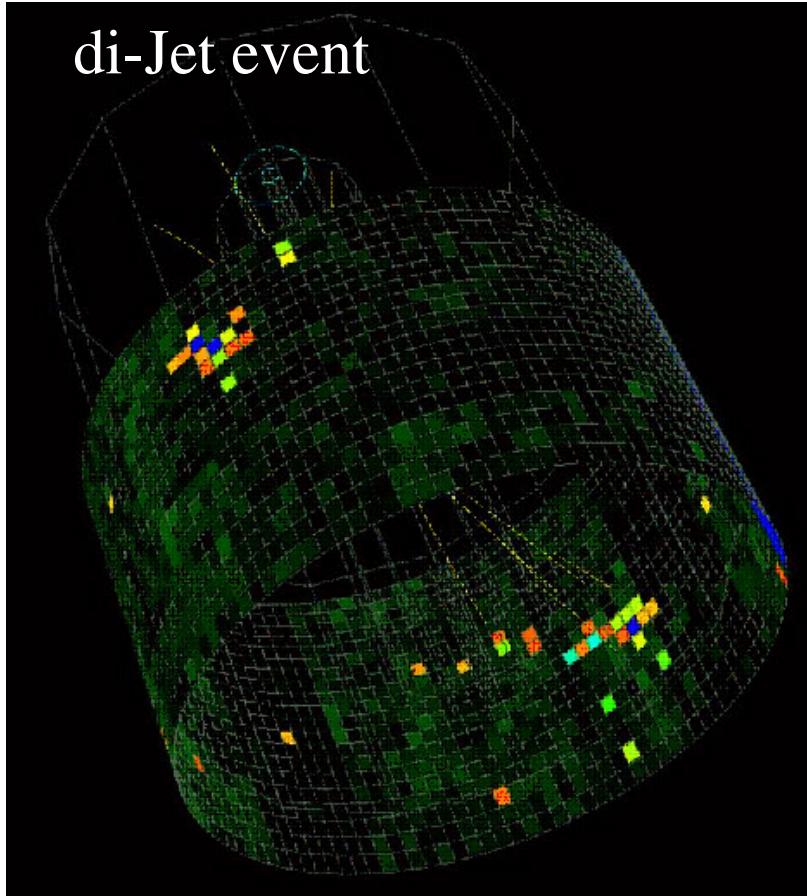
Theory: B.Jager et al., PRD67, 054005 (2003)

Theory model	C.L. (%)
GRSV-std	21.7-17.1
*GRSV-max ($\Delta g=g$)	0.0-0.0
*GRSV $\Delta g=0$	16.7-18.4
*GRSV $\Delta g=-g$	0.7-0.0

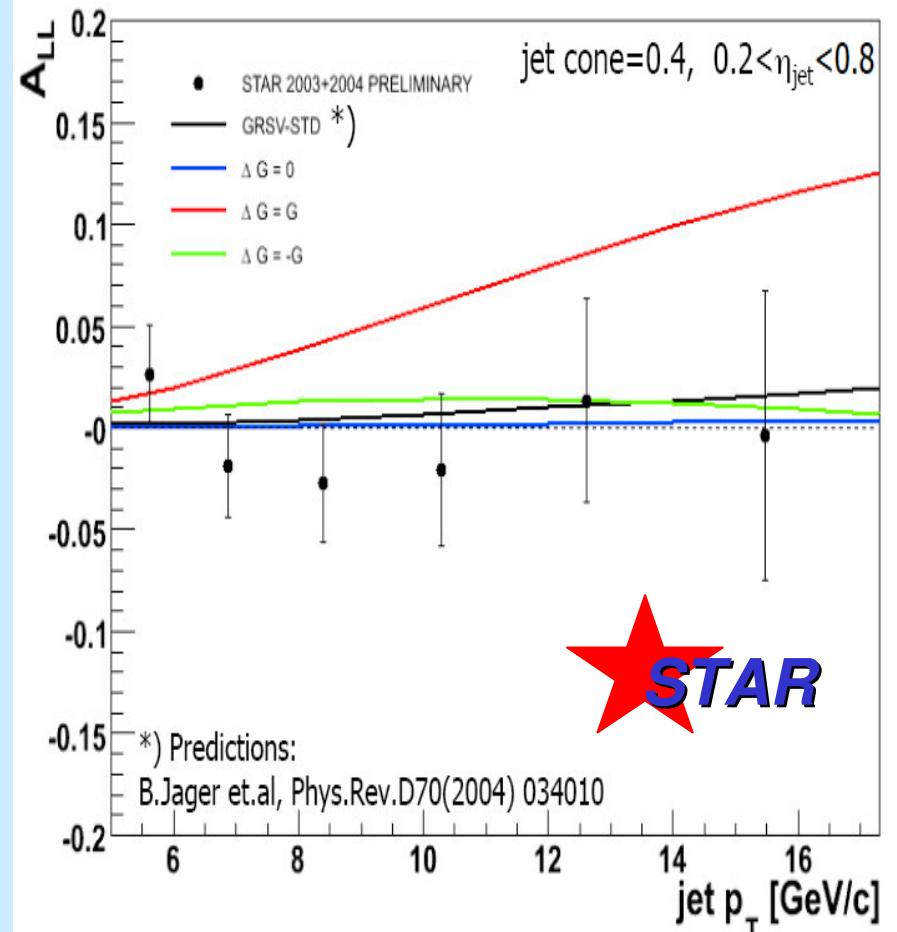


PHENIX $\pi^0 A_{LL}$ data started constraining gluon polarization in the proton in the perturbative QCD regime using strongly interacting probes with sensitivity higher than existing pol-DIS data

di-Jet event



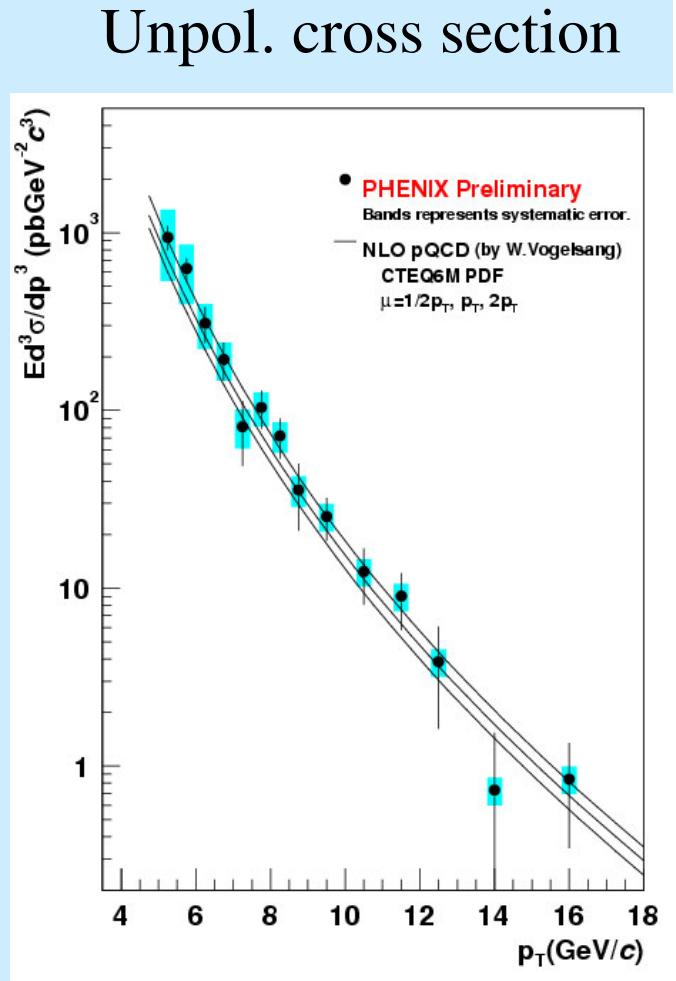
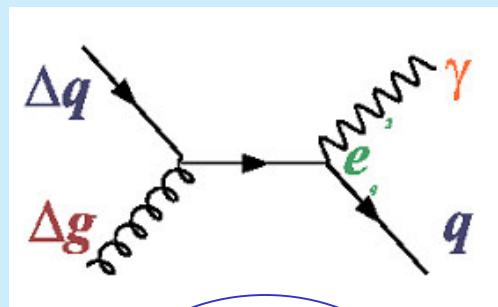
Jet A_{LL}



- High rate ! (as high as π^0)
- More direct access to partonic level kinematics!
- Large ΔG rejected
- Not yet all data analyzed (only Run3+4)

Prompt photons and ΔG

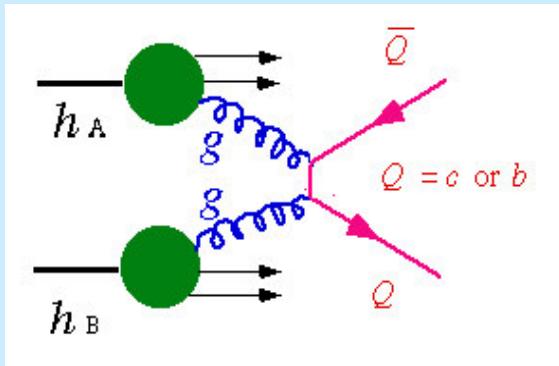
- **Gluon Compton Dominates**
 - At LO no fragmentation contribution
 - Small ($\sim 15\%$) contamination from annihilation



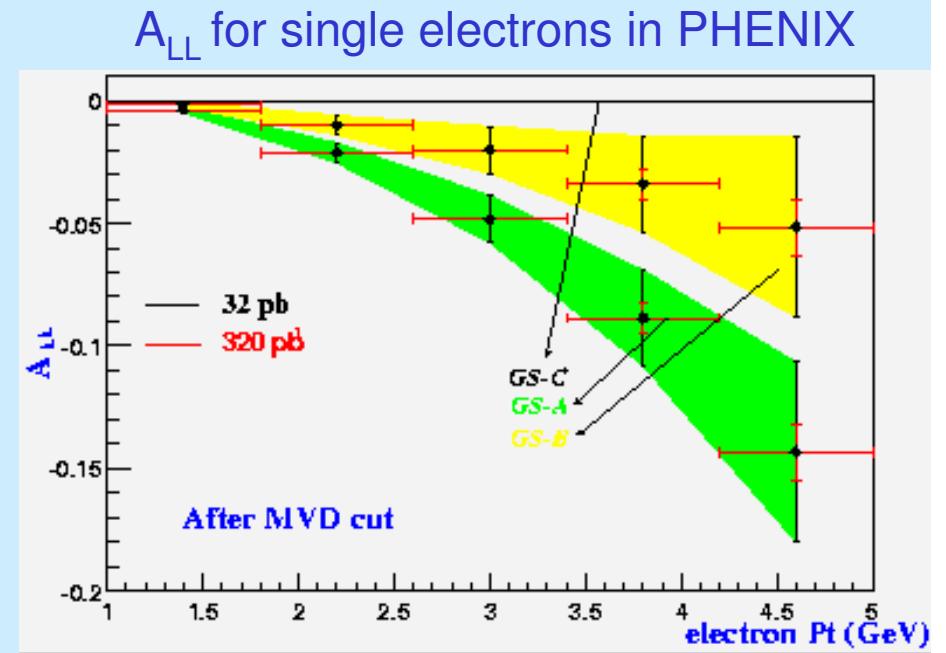
- ✓ NLO pQCD describes data well → can be used to interpret $A_{LL}(\gamma)$
 - ✓ $A_{LL}(\gamma)$ needs large luminosity: results expected in 2007-08

ΔG : Heavy Flavor

Open heavy flavor production



$$A_{LL} \propto \frac{\Delta G(x_A)}{G(x_A)} \otimes \frac{\Delta G(x_B)}{G(x_B)} \otimes \hat{a}_{LL}^{gg \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}}$$



Decay channels:

- » e^+e^- , $\mu^+\mu^-$, $e\mu$, $e, \mu, eD, \mu D$

Provides more independent ΔG measurements in PHENIX

- » Helps control experimental and theoretical systematic errors
- » Different channels cover different kinematic regions
- » Needs high luminosity: results expected in 2008-2009

Flavor Decomposition

$\sqrt{s}=500 \text{ GeV}$ L=800 pb $^{-1}$

W production

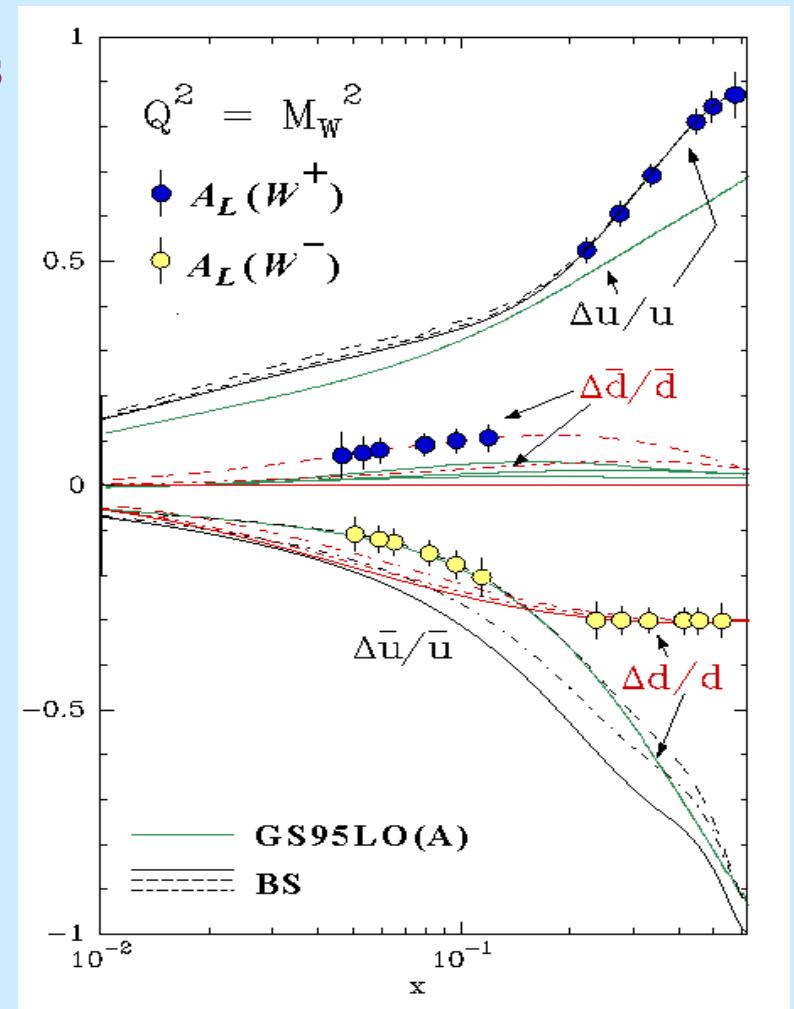
- » Produced in parity violating $V-A$ process
 - Chirality / helicity of quarks defined
- » Couples to weak charge
 - Flavor almost fixed

$$A_L^{W^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu} = \frac{\Delta u(x_a) \bar{d}(x_b) - \Delta \bar{d}(x_a) u(x_b)}{u(x_a) \bar{d}(x_b) + \bar{d}(x_a) u(x_b)}$$

$x_a \gg x_b: A_L(W^+) \rightarrow \Delta u/u(x)$

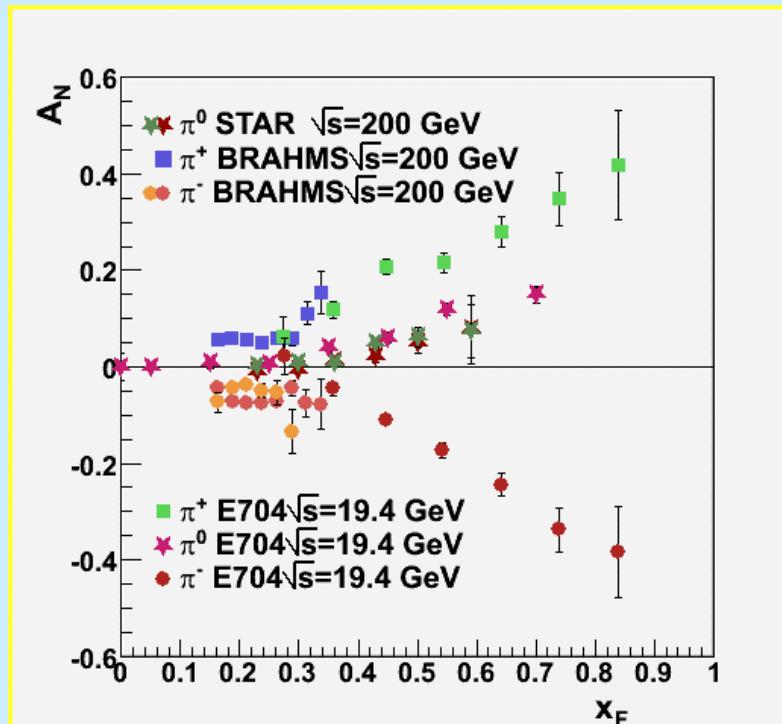
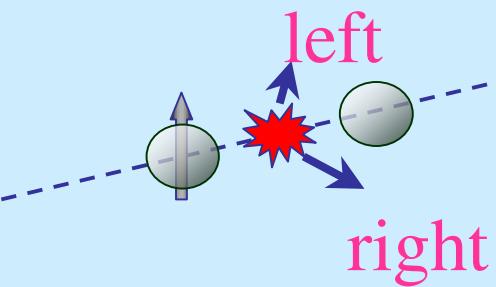
$x_b \gg x_a: A_L(W^+) \rightarrow \Delta \bar{d}/\bar{d}(x)$

First data on sea quark polarization from W^\pm is expected in 2009-2010

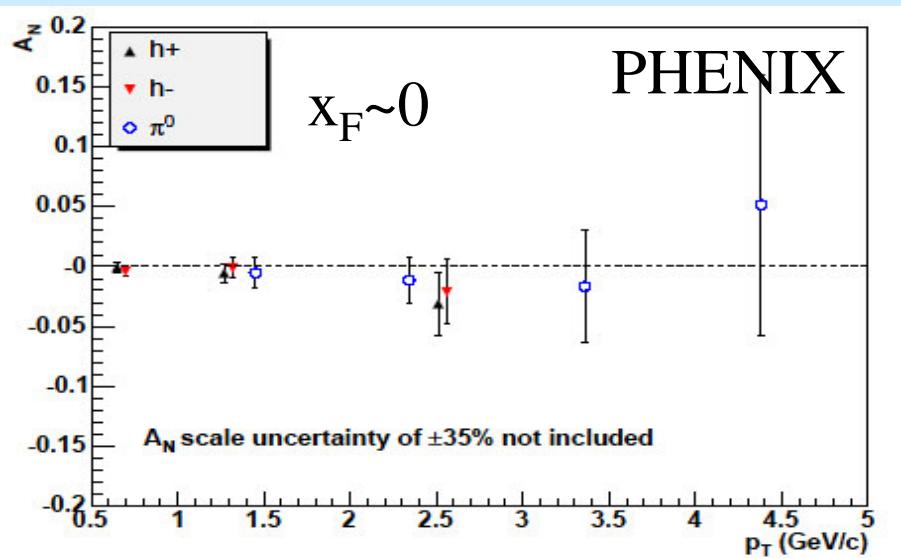


Transverse Single-Spin Asymmetries

$$A_N = \frac{\sigma_{\uparrow} - \sigma_{\downarrow}}{\sigma_{\uparrow} + \sigma_{\downarrow}}$$



- Origin of A_N
 - Transversity \times Spin-dep fragmentation (Collins effect)
 - Intrinsic- k_T imbalance (Sivers effect)
 - Higher-twist effects
 - Or combination of above



A_N increasing with x_F : positive for π^0 and π^+ and negative for π^-
 $A_N \sim 0$ at $x_F \sim 0$ for both charged hadrons and neutral pions

Summary

- RHIC has been successful as the world's first polarized proton collider, opening up new kinematic regions for investigating the spin of the proton
- The first spin results from RHIC are out and stimulating discussion within the theoretical community
 - A_N of neutral pions and charged hadrons, for different rapidity
 - A_{LL} of neutral pions and jets

Many more years of exciting data and results to look forward to!

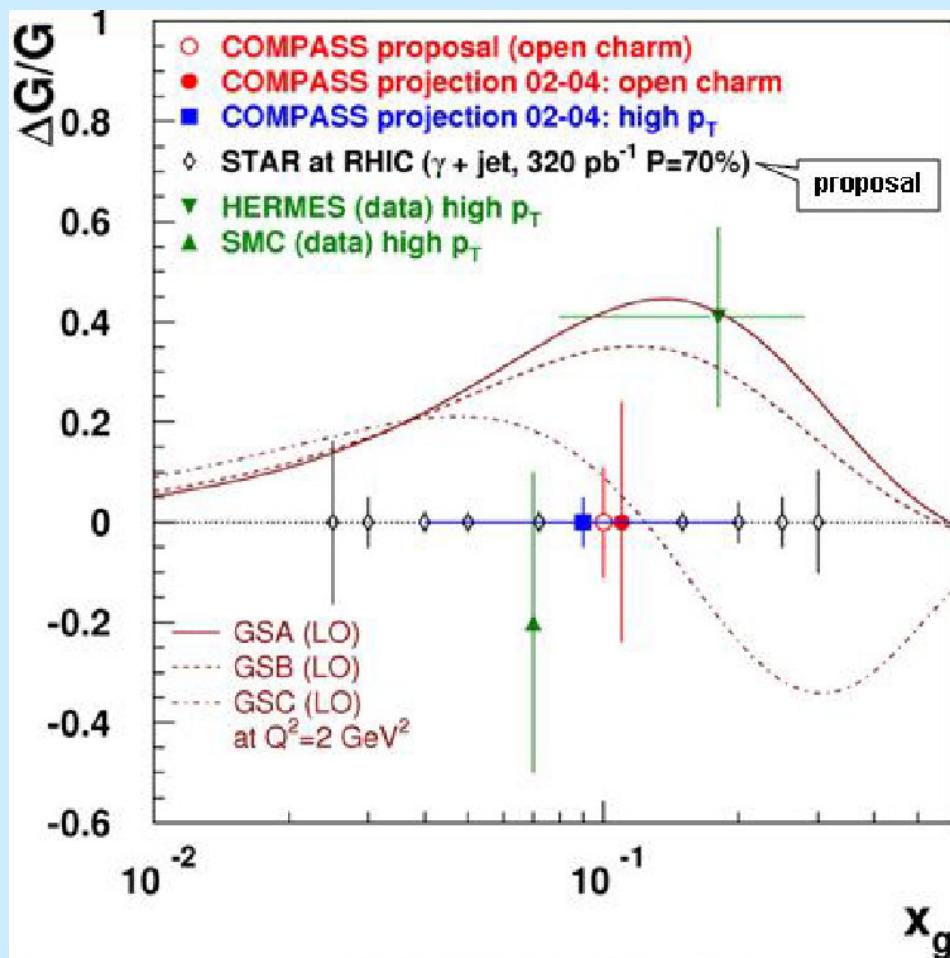
- Spin physics at RHIC planned for 2006 and beyond
 - Measure gluon polarization via direct photon double longitudinal spin asymmetry
 - Probe gluon polarization from heavy flavor production (gg fusion) via electrons
 - Probe polarization of sea quarks via W boson longitudinal single spin asymmetry
 - Transverse spin structure

Summary 2

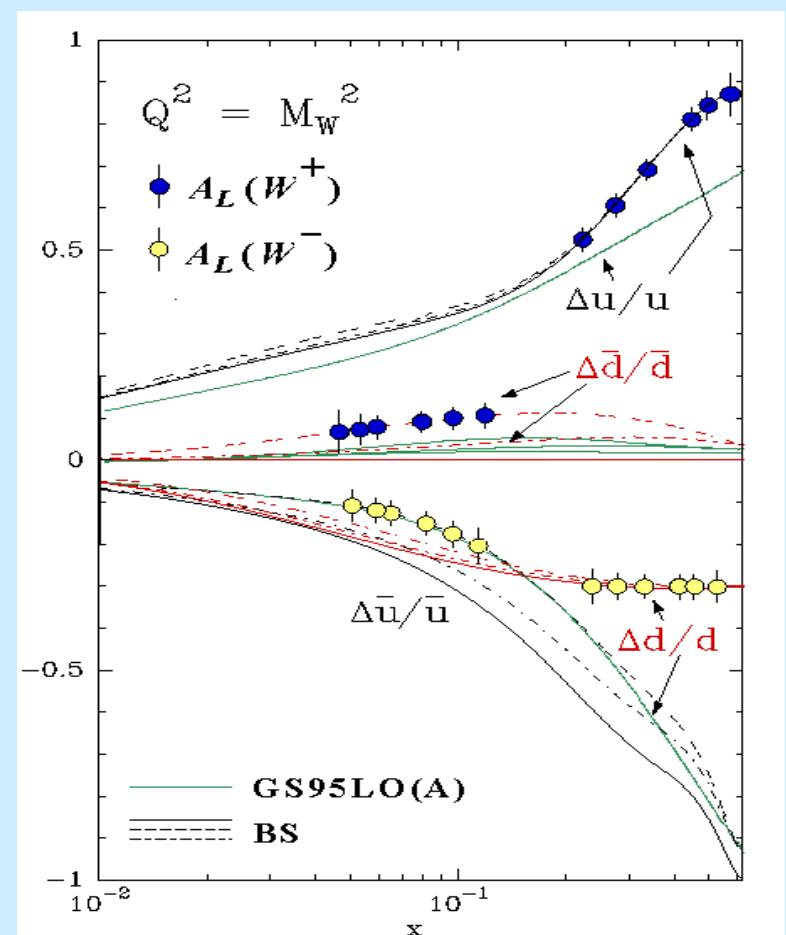
Proton spin structure:

Quark contribution well known

Gluon contribution from $\gamma + jet$



Sea quark contribution from W



Backup slides

PHENIX Detector

Philosophy:

- ✓ High rate capability & granularity
- ✓ Good mass resolution and particle ID
- Sacrifice acceptance

• Central Arms:

$$|\eta| < 0.35, \Delta\varphi = 2 \times 90^\circ$$

Charged particle ID and tracking;
photon ID

• Muon Arm:

$$1.2 < |\eta| < 2.4$$

Muon ID and tracking

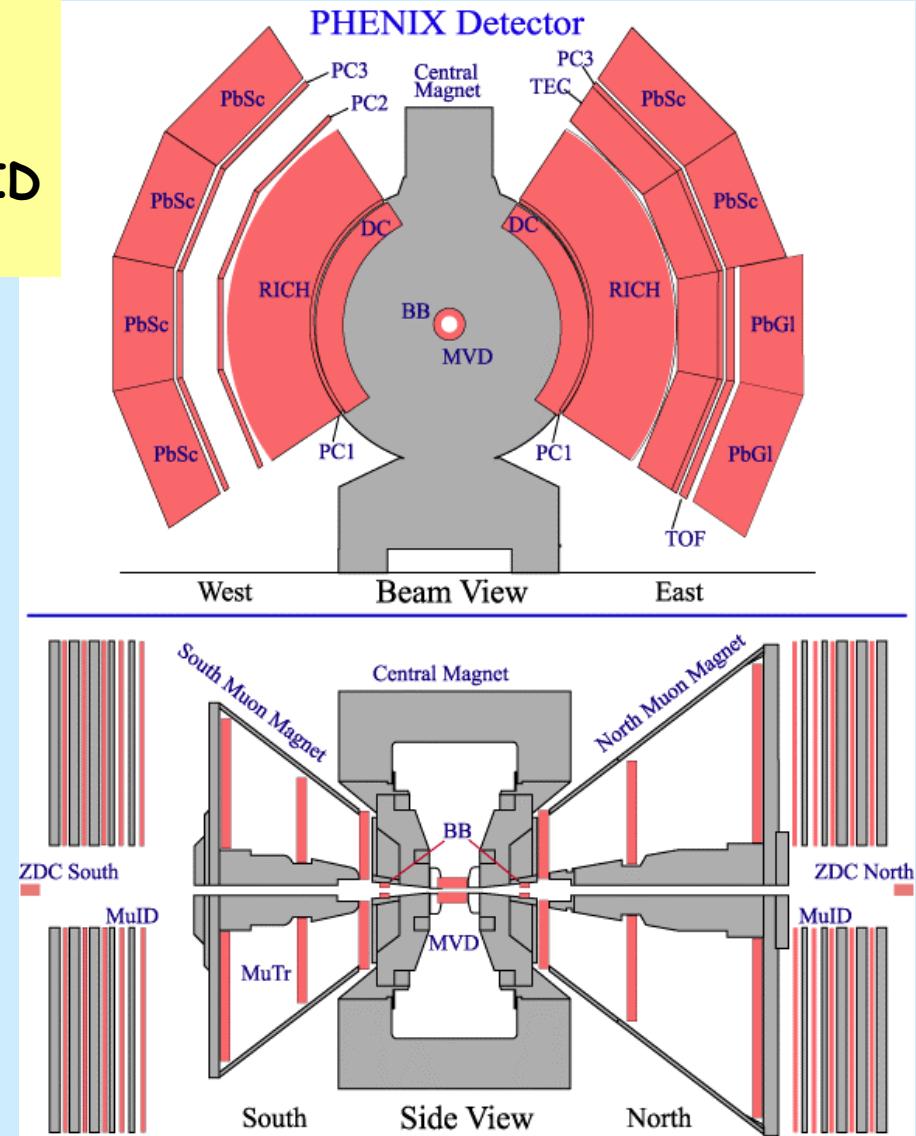
• Global Detectors

Collision trigger

Collision vertex characterization

Relative luminosity

Local Polarimetry



STAR Detector

Triggering
Barrel EM
Calorimeter
 $-1 < \eta < 1$

Lum. Monitor
Local Polarim.
Beam-Beam
Counters
 $2.2 < |\eta| < 5$

$$\eta = -\ln(\tan(\vartheta/2))$$

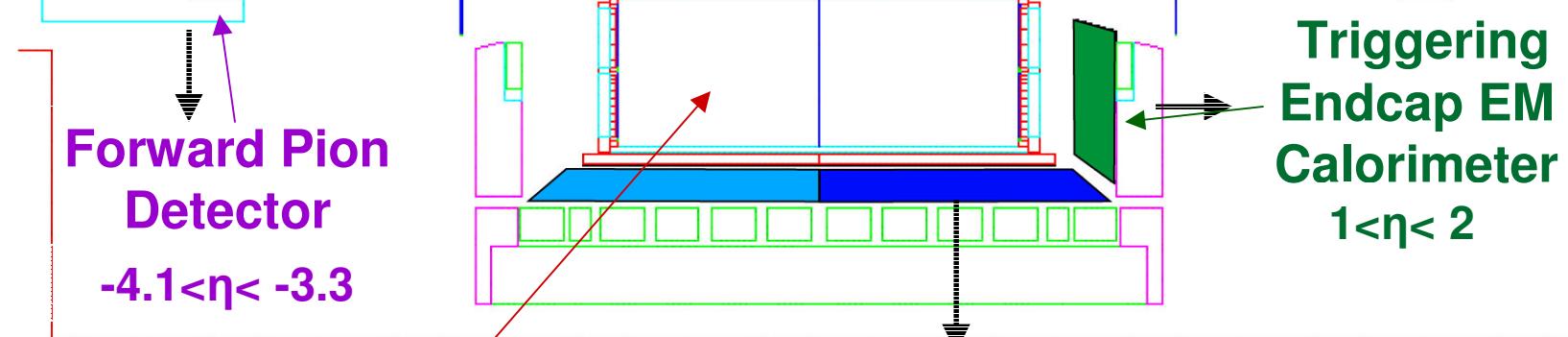
Forward Pion
Detector
 $-4.1 < \eta < -3.3$

Time Projection
Chamber
 $-1.6 < \eta < 1.6$

Tracking

Solenoidal Magnetic
Field 5kG

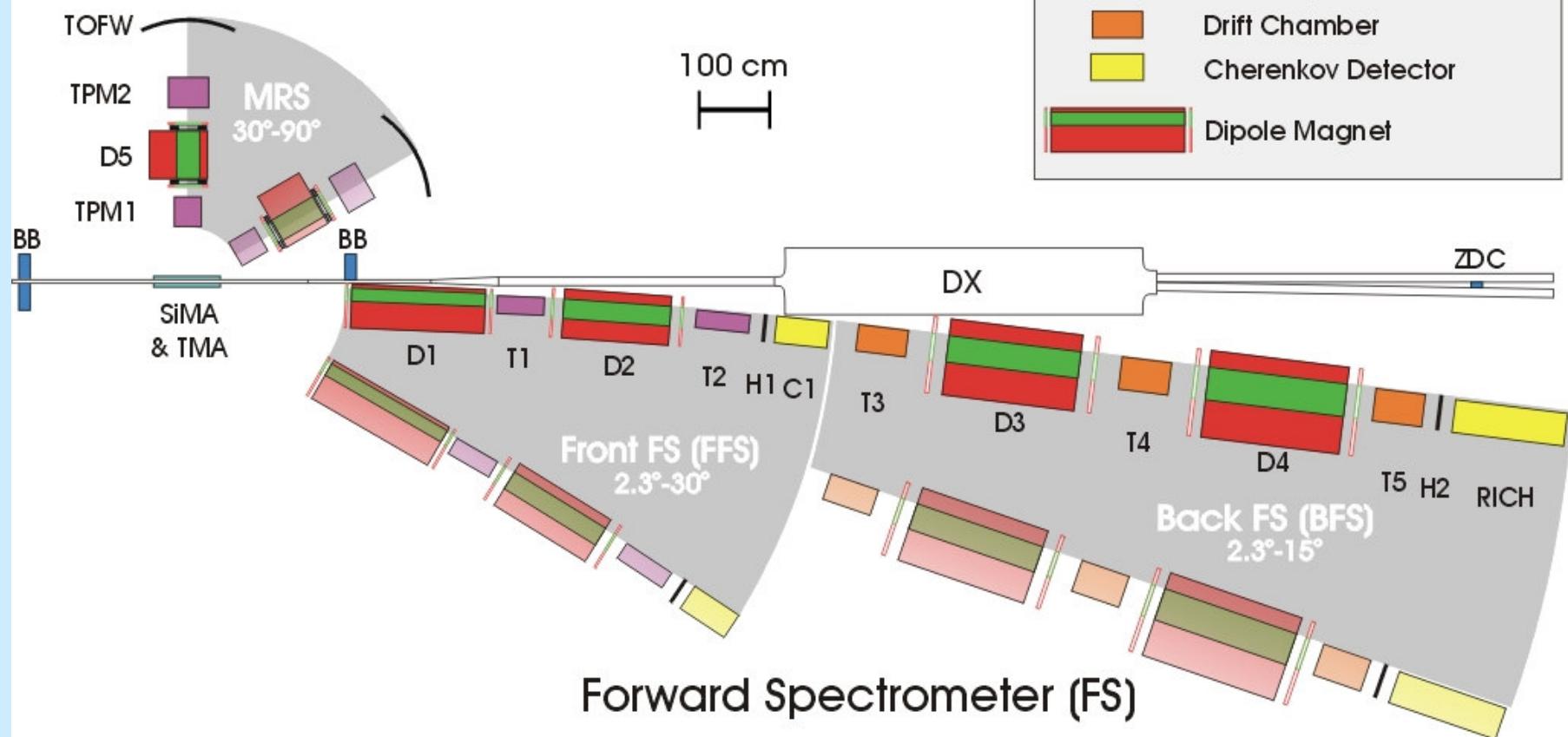
2005



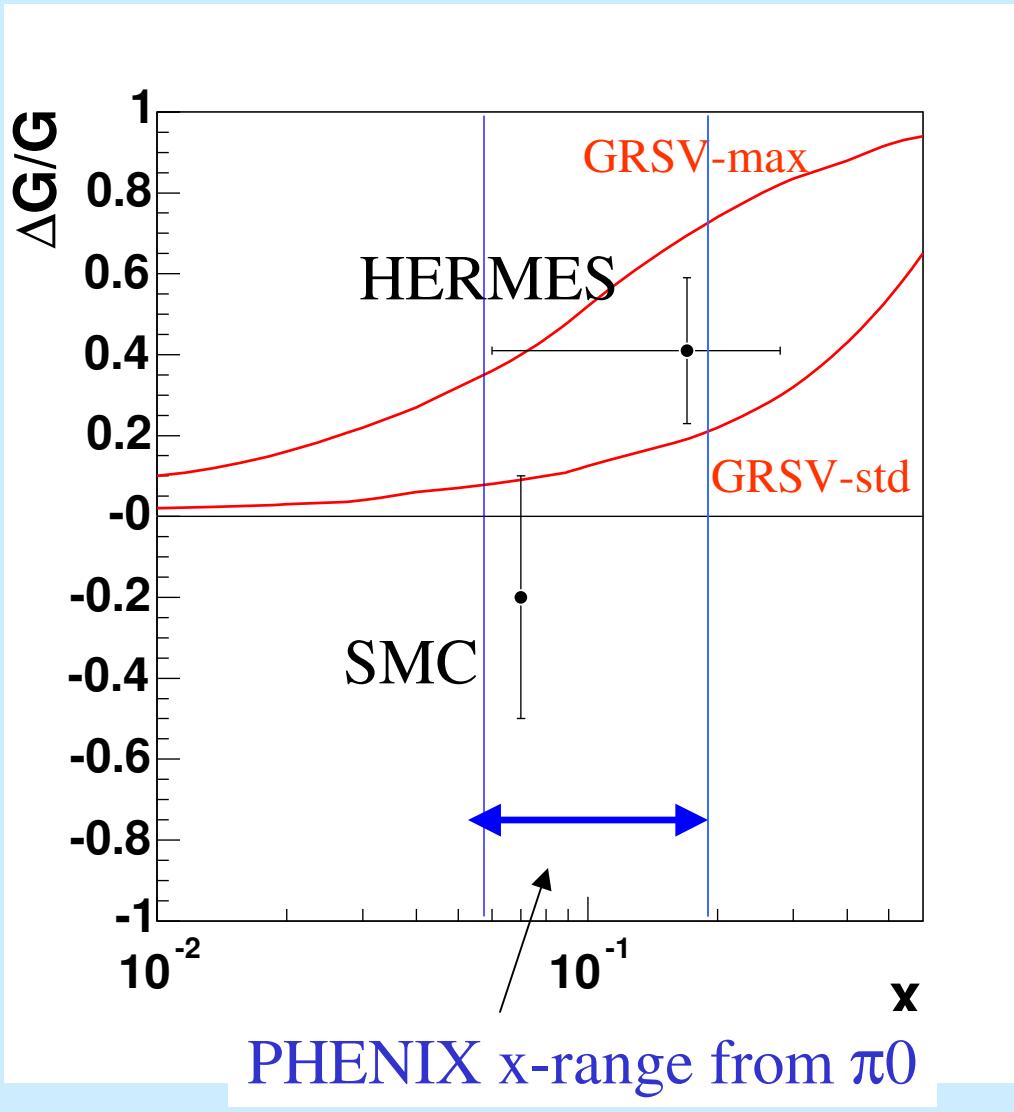
BRAHMS Detector

BRAHMS Experimental Setup

Mid Rapidity Spectrometer



ΔG : other experiments



- Theory curves from W.Vogelsang
- HERMES: high pt hadron pairs (PRL84, 2584, 2000)
Consistent with both GRSV-max and GRSV-std
- SMC: high pt hadron pairs (hep-ex/0402010)
Consistent with GRSV-std
- PHENIX: $\pi^0 A_{LL}$
Consistent with GRSV-std

So far all results are consistent with GRSV-std